

Project SCANATE*

Exploratory Research in Remote Viewing

As a result of the experimentation carried out on what might be termed micro-abilities, Swann expressed the opinion that the insights obtained had strengthened a macro-ability which had been researched prior to his joining the SRI program; namely, the ability to view remote locations.¹ In order to test the above assertion, SRI researchers set up a series of experimental protocols on a gradient scale of increasing difficulty.

The first step toward the proof that such an ability might exist in principle was completed in our laboratory in a series of experiments with another subject in which target pictures were successfully received where the subject was separated from the target material either by an electrically isolated shielded room or by the isolation provided by East-coast/West-coast distances. This data is presented in Appendix 1.

Global Targets-Training Mode

For the first experiment, considered to be a training mode, 100 targets on the earth's surface, ten per day for ten days, were chosen at random, often by different experimenters. For each ten-trial session, the experiment would begin with the subject (Swann) being given a target location by latitude and longitude only, for which he had to provide an immediate response of what he saw. Following his response, some brief indication was given as to whether there existed any correspondence between his description and the target location. The next coordinate was then

* Scanning by Coordinate



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Approved For Release 2002/11/13 : CIA-RDP79-00999A000400050002-4

Table 1. Run 10, SCANATE Training Results

<u>Target</u>	<u>Response</u>	<u>Evaluation</u> [*]
45°N 150°W (ocean)	Ocean, beautiful blue-green waves, sun shining, ship toward north	H
2°S 34°E (eastern shore, Lake Victoria, Africa)	Sense of speeding over water, landing on land. Lake to west, high elevation.	H
55°N 150°E (Sea of Okhotsk)	Not many trees, patches of snow, marsh?	M
64°N 19°W (20 miles ENE of Mt. Hekla volcano, Iceland)	Volcano to southwest. I think I'm over ocean.	H
55°N 130°E (Soviet Union)	Wind blowing there, night, telephone wires. Land, flat place with fields; Cold.	N
60°N 90°W (Hudson Bay)	Open water, stands of pine to north	H
60°N 91°E (Soviet Union)	City, snow on ground, city to north- east, factory to south	N
30°S 0° (ocean)	Ocean, Atlantic, deep blue water	H
42°N 105°E (Gobi)	Mountains	H
28°S 137°E (Lake Eyre, Australia)	Islands, Land mass to east, west. An open sea, night	H

* H--Hit; good description of area in near vicinity of target.

N--Neutral; some possibility of correspondence.

M--Miss; clear lack of correspondence.

one in the Urals at $65^{\circ} 00' 57''$ N, $59^{\circ} 59' 59''$ E, described as follows. "Elevation, 6200'. Scrubby brush, tundra type ground hummocks, rocky outcroppings, mountains with fairly steep slopes. Facing north, about 60 miles ground slopes to marshland. Mountain chain runs off to right about 35° East of north. Facing south, mountains run fairly north and south. Facing west, mountains drop down to foothills for 60 miles or so; some rivers running roughly north. Facing east, mountains are rather abrupt, dropping to rolling hills and to flat land. Area site underground, reinforced concrete, doorways fo steel of the roll-up type. Unusually high ratio of women to men, at least at night. I see some helipads, concrete. Light rail tracks run from pads to another set of rails that parallel the doors into the mountain. (See Fig. 4) 30 miles north (5° west of north) of the site is a radar installation with 1 large (165') dish and two small fast-track dishes."

The above reports were submitted to the sponsoring agency for evaluation. A second set of coordinates was requested and obtained, hereafter referred to as the Island site.

Island Site (Swann)

Date: 21 July 1973, 1708-1730, Menlo Park, CA

Protocol: Coordinates $49^{\circ}20'S$, $70^{\circ} 14' E$ given by Dr. H.E. Puthoff to subject I. Swann to initiate experiment. No maps were permitted and the subject was asked to give an immediate response. The session was recorded on videotape.

Swann Response:

"My initial response is that it's an island, maybe a mountain sticking up through a cloud cover. (Experimenter checks, gives positive feedback.) Terrain seems rocky. Must be some sort of small plants growing there. Cloud bank to the west. Very cold. I see some buildings rather mathematically laid out. One of them is orange. There is